YEAR 12 DT CURRICULUM PROGRESSION OVERVIEW

In Y12 the students will learn how to complete a design portfolio based on a theme set by the department. The aim is to ensure that the students have the ability to produce a high-quality folio in preparation for their A level NEA which will start at Easter of Y12. Throughout the year the students will cover the technical principles required for the 2.5hr exam. Through the practice NEA the students will learn how to use the CAD/CAM facilities to help enhance their skills. The pupils will work with a variety of materials not covered at KS4 such as the expanded use of Acrylics and steel.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3		
Торіс	Preparation for NEA and Exams	Preparation for NEA and Exams	NEA and Preparation for Exams		
Core Knowledge/	Understand the properties of; • Woods	Detailed understanding of; • Paper and boards	Detailed understanding of; • Materials characteristics		
Kilowieuge/	 Softwoods 	 Composites 	 Malleability 		
Threshold Concept	HardwoodsManufactured boardsMetals	Smart materialsModern materialsWorkshop testing	ToughnessHardnessResistance to corrosion and degradation		
	FerrousNon ferrous	Workshop testingWoodsMetals	 Thermal conductivity Electrical conductivity 		
	AlloysPlastics	Plastics	Start NEA research section		
	ThermoplasticsThermosetsElastomers	Skills: Three-dimensional sketching and rendering. Effective and safe methods of cutting timber. Producing working drawings.			
	Concepts: Iterative design process Bio-mimicry Writing a design brief and specification for a client Creative drawing techniques The use of colour and shade to enhance designs Computer graphics	Using CAD software. Accurate marking out of materials using appropriate tools. Safe and accurate drilling. Safe and accurate use of a mortising machine. Safe and accurate use of a router. Cutting woodwork joints Using the laser cutter Using the 3D printer Sanding wood. Assembling a product.			





	Skills:	Effective use of PVA.	
	Graphical drawing skills (isometric, 2pt	Applying a surface finish.	
	and 3pt perspective).	Modelling	
	Computer manipulation		
	Setting out a board to minimise waste.		
	Using a biscuit cutter		
Why this	The sequence of learning is based on the	In term two term 2 the minor project focusses	At the start of term 3 we begin the students NEA, this
learning now?	specification provided by AQA. In the first	on the designing element of the course where	gives the students enough time to complete a high-
	term we introduce the students to the	more advanced drawing techniques are taught	quality project.
	materials and cover their properties in-	to the students. After this we embark on	
	depth so that the students can make	modelling and the use of models to inform	
	informed decisions when selecting the	design decisions. Finally, the students are	
	materials for their first assignment. After	encouraged to realise their designs.	
	this we follow the prescribed list		
	provided by the AQA specification. In		
	term one of Y12 we embark on a minor		
	project that is used to develop the		
	students' skills for the portfolio work. In		
	term one we focus on research skills		
	ensuring that the students are well		
	prepared for the NEA.		
Assessment	Homework's are set every week to recap	Homework's are set every week to recap on the	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning
Opportunities:	on the learning of each taught element	learning of each taught element and to also	of each taught element and to also cover the course
	and to also cover the course information	cover the course information requirements.	information requirements.
	requirements.	A test is carried out at the end of each term to	A test is carried out at the end of each term to identify
	A test is carried out at the end of each	identify gaps in learning followed by plugging	gaps in learning followed by plugging the gaps session to
	term to identify gaps in learning followed	the gaps session to review areas of issue.	review areas of issue.
	by plugging the gaps session to review	Each element of the project is marked using the	Each element of the project is marked using the WINS
	areas of issue.	WINS system where gaps are also identified and	system where gaps are also identified and the pupils
	Each element of the project is marked	the pupils asked to act upon them.	asked to act upon them.
	using the WINS system where gaps are	Responsive AFL used in all lessons	Responsive AFL used in all lessons
	also identified and the pupils asked to act		
	upon them.		
	Responsive AFL used in all lessons		





Learning at Home	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements.	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the irements.	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements.
Key Vocabulary	• physical and mechanical properties (working characteristics) • product function • aesthetics • cost • manufacture and disposal • malleability • toughness • hardness • resistance to corrosion and degradation • thermal conductivity • electrical conductivity • metals (ferrous, non-ferrous, alloys) • woods (hardwoods, softwoods, manufactured boards) • polymers (thermoplastics, thermoset polymers, elastomers) • papers and boards • composites • smart materials • modern materials • tensile strength • toughness • hardness • malleability • corrosion • conductivity.	• layout paper: sketch pads • cartridge paper: printing • tracing paper: copying images • bleed proof paper: marker rendering • treated paper: photographic printing • watercolour paper: painting • corrugated card: packaging • bleached card: greeting cards and high quality packaging • mount board: modelling • duplex card: food packaging • foil backed and laminated card: drinks packaging • metal effect card: gift packaging • moulded paper pulp: ecofriendly packaging • foam board: model making • fluted polypropylene: signs and box construction • translucent polypropylene sheets: packaging • styrofoam: modelling and formers • low density polyethylene sheet: wrapping, packaging and bags • plastazote foam: protective packaging • cellulose acetate: packaging • polyactide sheet and film: biodegradable packaging.	• softwoods: • pine • spruce • Douglas fir • redwood • cedar • larch • hardwoods: • oak • ash • mahogany • teak • birch • beech • manufactured boards: • plywood • marine plywood • aeroply • flexible plywood • chipboard • medium density fibreboard (MDF) • veneers and melamine formaldehyde laminates • ferrous: • low carbon steel • stainless steel • high speed steel (HSS) • medium carbon steel • cast iron • non-ferrous: • aluminium • copper • zinc • silver • gold • titanium • tin • ferrous alloys: • stainless steel • die steel (tool steel) • non-ferrous alloys: • bronze • brass • duralumin • pewter• thermoplastic: • low density polyethylene (LDPE) • high density polyethylene (HDPE) • polypropylene (PP) • high impact polystyrene (HIPS) • acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) • polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA) • nylon • rigid and flexible polyvinyl chloride (PVC) • Polyethylene terephthalate (PET) • thermosets, with specific reference to their: • urea formaldehyde (UF) • melamine formaldehyde (MF) • polyester resin • epoxy resin.
Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural concepts covered	Throughout this course pupils are taught all use each and every day and the impact this		and technology, including the products and materials we
Links to careers and	There is a constant referral to careers and i	ndustry in all topics covered as part of the NEA and	l exam content.





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work											





YEAR 13 DT CURRICULUM PROGRESSION OVERVIEW

This creative and thought-provoking qualification gives students the practical skills, theoretical knowledge and confidence to succeed in a number of careers. Especially those in the creative industries. They will investigate historical, social, cultural, environmental and economic influences on design and technology, whilst enjoying opportunities to put their learning in to practice by producing prototypes of their choice. Students will gain a real understanding of what it means to be a designer, alongside the knowledge and skills sought by higher education and employers.

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3
Topic	NEA and Exam Preparation	NEA and Exam Preparation	Exam Preparation
Core Knowledge/ Threshold Concept	Modern and commercial practice. Materials IT, CAD & CAM Virtual modelling Rapid prototyping, electronic data exchange Famous designers and design movements Investigation methods Writing a design brief Writing a design specification How to sketch with a pen. Scales of production Different methods of modelling both virtual and physical Socio and economic effects on production	Model development CAD/CAM Practical outcome Evaluation Major developments in technology Responsible design The product life cycle QA and QC Different standards for products and components 1974 Health and Safety at work act Protecting intellectual property Complete NEA	Exam preparation Past papers Exam technique
	 Skills Three-dimensional sketching and rendering. Effective and safe methods of cutting timber. Producing working drawings. Using CAD software. Accurate marking out of materials using appropriate tools. Safe and accurate drilling. 		





	 Safe and accurate use of a mortising machine. Safe and accurate use of a router. Cutting a tenon joint Preparing for welding Soldering components Using the laser cutter Using the 3D printer Sanding wood. Assembling a product. Effective use of PVA. Applying a surface finish. Modelling 		
Why this learning now?	The NEA is a portfolio of design work based on the student solving a specific problem set by AQA. The students follow the design strategy taught at both KS3 & 4 to arrive at a final solution that can be assessed. The theoretical element of the course follows the set list of topics provided by AQA	The NEA is a portfolio of design work based on the student solving a specific problem set by AQA. The students follow the design strategy taught at both KS3 & 4 to arrive at a final solution that can be assessed. The theoretical element of the course follows the set list of topics provided by AQA	The theoretical element of the course follows the set list of topics provided by AQA
Assessment Opportunities:	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements. A test is carried out at the end of each term to identify gaps in learning followed by plugging the gaps session to review areas of issue. Each element of the project is marked using the WINS system where gaps are also identified and the pupils asked to act upon them. Responsive AFL used in all lessons	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements. A test is carried out at the end of each term to identify gaps in learning followed by plugging the gaps session to review areas of issue. Each element of the project is marked using the WINS system where gaps are also identified and the pupils asked to act upon them. Responsive AFL used in all lessons	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements. A test is carried out at the end of each term to identify gaps in learning followed by plugging the gaps session to review areas of issue. Each element of the project is marked using the WINS system where gaps are also identified and the pupils asked to act upon them. Responsive AFL used in all lessons
Learning at Home	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements.	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements.	Homework's are set every week to recap on the learning of each taught element and to also cover the course information requirements.





Key Vocabulary	• copyright and design rights • patents • registered designs • trademarks • logos • customer identification • labelling • packaging • corporate identification • global marketing: • entrepreneur • market research • interviews • human factors • focus groups • product analysis and evaluation • the use of anthropometric data and percentiles • the use of ergonomic data	• arts and craft movement • Art Deco • Modernism, eg Bauhaus • Post modernism, eg Memphis • Phillipe Starck • James Dyson • Margaret Calvert • Dieter Rams • Charles and Ray Eames • Marianne Brandt • micro electronics • new materials • new methods of manufacture • CAD/CAM.	• British Standards Institute (BSI) • International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) • Restriction of Hazardous Substances (ROHS) directive • battery directive • polymer codes for identification and recycling • packaging directives • WEEE directives • energy ratings of products • eco-labelling: • the Mobius Loop • the European Eco-label • the EC energy label • the Energy Efficient label and logo • Forest
Spiritual, Moral, Social and Cultural concepts covered	Throughout this course pupils are taught about the use each and every day and the impact this has on	e social, moral and cultural impact pf design and ted our environment.	Stewardship Council (FSC) • EPA energy star.
Links to careers and the world of work	There is a constant referral to careers and industry	in all topics covered as part of the NEA and exam o	content.



